STATISTICAL LITERACY and STATISTICAL COMPETENCE in the NEW CENTURY

> David S. Moore Purdue University

• THE ENVIRONMENT

• THE NEW LITERACY

• THE NEW COMPETENCE

• THE NEW PROFESSIONALISM

• The intellectualizing of work

- \Rightarrow Need analytical, quantitative, computing skills
- \Rightarrow Need interpretive, communication skills
- \Rightarrow Multiple jobs, multiple careers
- \Rightarrow Need statistical skills?

• The democritization of education

Tertiary education is now replacing secondary education as the focal point of access to rewarding careers.

OECD Education at a Glance 2000

• University for the masses

	Tertiary A	% Change
	entry rate, 1999	1990-1997
Australia	45%	+31%
Japan	37%	na
Korea	43%	+66%
New Zealand	71%	+43%
United Kingdom	48%	+101%
United States	45%	+8%

OECD Education at a Glance 2000, 2001

• Nonstop education and training

Adults ages 25–64 in formal job-related continuing education:

		University
	All adults	educated
Australia	43%	64%
Canada	22%	33%
New Zealand	38%	62%
United Kingdom	40%	70%
United States	35%	47%

OECD Education at a Glance 2001

Tertiary institutions will be challenged not only to meet growing demand through an expansion of places offered, but also to adapt programmes, teaching and learning to match the diverse needs of the new generation of students.

OECD Education at a Glance 2001

• University education now

- \Rightarrow No longer a filter broader clientele
- \Rightarrow No longer esoteric link to career
- \Rightarrow Our students are not "us, only younger"
- \Rightarrow Larger place for statistics.



WE WANT STATISTICS

- Elementary Statistics Enrollments
 - \Rightarrow Fall 1995: 236,000 students
 - $\Rightarrow \mathrm{Up}~38\%~\mathrm{from}~1990$
 - \Rightarrow Fall 2000: 274,000 students
 - \Rightarrow Up another 16%
- Advanced Placement Statistics
 - 1997: 7,500 exams 2000: 35,000 exams
 - 1998: 15,500 exams 2001: 43,000 exams
 - 1999: 25,000 exams

• Wisdom from research in math education

- \Rightarrow Students learn by their own activities
- \Rightarrow Understanding and procedures are separate domains: Drill only teaches drilling.
- \Rightarrow Most people learn from specific to general: The math model doesn't work.
- $\Rightarrow We can't teach a wide audience what we used to think we covered.$

• A changing discipline

\Rightarrow Technology

- \Rightarrow Back to data, back to science
- \Rightarrow Interdisciplinary emphasis

• Technology

- \Rightarrow Drives changes in the discipline
- \Rightarrow Drives demand for quantitative skills
- \Rightarrow New content emphases
- \Rightarrow New learning tools: The next big change?
- \Rightarrow The information flood

This Is a Revolution

Something momentous is happening, something far more consequential than a mere technological innovation. The last time we experienced such an innovation was the invention of the printing press almost half a millennium ago.

Gertrude Himmelfarb

• Data beat anecdotes

- \Rightarrow Power lines and childhood leukemia
- \Rightarrow Will our children be better off?

• ... and intuition

 \Rightarrow General Electric appliance delivery

• ... and even "experts"

 \Rightarrow For every Ph.D., there is an equal and opposite Ph.D.

• Think broadly: Is this the right question?

 \Rightarrow Who is unemployed?

- Think broadly: Does the answer make sense?
 - \Rightarrow "Only 15% of new entrants into the work force will be native white males."
- Communication: Can you read a graph?
 - \Rightarrow France in a population pyramid

- Only big ideas need apply (details automated). One cluster:
 - \Rightarrow The omnipresence of variation
 - \Rightarrow Conclusions are uncertain
 - \Rightarrow Avoid inference from short-run irregularity
 - \Rightarrow Avoid inference from coincidence

The rule for staying alive as a forecaster is to give a number or give a date, but never give both at once.

Jane Bryant Quinn

- Big ideas: Another cluster:
 - \Rightarrow Beware the lurking variable
 - \Rightarrow Association is not causation
 - \Rightarrow Where did the data come from?
 - \Rightarrow Observation versus experiment
- Filters for nonsense: Triage on the information flood
 - \Rightarrow The Bible Code predicts the future?

It's easy to lie with statistics. But it is easier to lie without them.

Frederick Mosteller

THE NEW STATISTICAL COMPETENCE

- Use automated tools gracefully
- What can't be automated?
- Keep thinking broadly
- Statistical thinking (ASA/MAA)
 - \Rightarrow The need for data
 - \Rightarrow The importance of data production
 - \Rightarrow The omnipresence of variability

and ...



THE NEW STATISTICAL COMPETENCE

\Rightarrow The quantification and explanation of variability

- \rightarrow Randomness and distributions
- \rightarrow Patterns and deviations (fit and residual)
- \rightarrow Mathematical models for patterns
- \rightarrow Model-data dialog (diagnostics)

• This is serious stuff

- \Rightarrow Understanding chance variation
- \Rightarrow One pass through software isn't enough
- \Rightarrow Models as interpretive tools
- \Rightarrow Strategies, not just methods

THE NEW STATISTICAL COMPETENCE

• Data strategies: an example



• But you can choose the details to fit your context

CHALLENGES

• Our teaching is too narrow.

In the past, "quantitative literacy" and "what you learn in mathematics classes" were seen as largely disjoint. Now, however, they should be thought of as largely overlapping.

Alan Schoenfeld

- Is quantitative literacy our turf?
- If the rocket goes up, I don't care where it comes down.
- Does statistics retain a core?