STATISTICAL LITERACY FOR ADULTS: A SHORT COURSE

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WHAT IS STATISTICAL LITERACY?



Katherine Wallman: Statistical literacy is the ability to understand and critically evaluate statistical results that permeate our daily lives.

THE NEED



- Our responsibility: Helping build a statistically literate community
 - Better understanding of media
 - Informed consumers
 - Improved decisions
- · Target areas
 - K to 12 education (including AP course)
 - College undergraduate and graduate courses
 - Adults: Focus of this talk

SOME VENUES FOR BUILDING ADULT STATISTICAL LITERACY



- Standard college courses
- Short courses, e.g., part of "lifelong learning" programs (this talk)
- Invited lectures
- · Articles and books
- Web sites

HOW WE GOT INVOLVED



- Invite from Union College (Schenectady, NY) Adult Lifelong Learning (UCALL) Program to give short course in April 2008
- UCALL short courses: Five two-hour weekly lectures (in April and October)
- UCALL membership: "Open to any adult who wishes to continue learning in an intellectually stimulating environment."
- Other April 2008 offerings
- The Roaring Twenties
- Leonardo daVinci
- Local theater: Behind the scenes
- Eastern religions
- Four 20th century operas
- Typical of similar programs nationwide
- Concept not limited to seniors

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WHO ARE "WE?" (The Gang of Five)

- Gerry Hahn: Retired statistician (and manager) of Statistics Laboratory: GE Global Research Center
- Necip Doganaksoy: Principal technologist/statistician at Statistics Laboratory: GE Global Research Center
- Ricki Lewis: Geneticist and science writer
- Jane Oppenlander: Adjunct Professor, Union **Graduate College**
- Josef Schmee: Retired Professor, Union College
- Supported by Jim Comly: Retired GE scientist







DECISION #1: SCOPING OF COURSE



- · Sessions on
 - Some examples and basic concepts (Gerry and Jane)
 - Public opinion polls and election forecasts (Josef)
 - Medical and health studies (Ricki)
 - Business and industrial applications (Necip)
 - Further examples and wrap-up (Gerry and Jane)
- Course level
 - Focus on applications, concepts and misuse
 - NOT a course on statistical methods
 - Most advanced technical concept: Confidence interval

DECISION #2: COURSE MARKETING

- · Course Name
 - Avoid "Statistics" in title
- Decided on "Numbers in Everyday Life"
- Brochure course description:
 - "Open a newspaper or turn on a TV—numbers are everywhere from political polls to health studies to sports. They can provide valuable, even life-and-death, information—or mislead. This course will provide insights to interpreting numbers and being well-informed citizens. Seasoned experts (all Ph.D. s) will help you understand the latest statistics from medical studies, public opinion polls, business and industry, to this week's media and more."
- Welcome message to registrants: Invite to identify "media items...they would like to see discussed

60 STUDENTS: CHARACTERISTICS



- Major Focus: Consumers of statistics —want to make sense of statistics
- Voluntary enrollment: No grades, tests or homework
- · Diversity of backgrounds
- · Diversity of past training in statistics
- Commonalities
 - Appreciable life experience
 - High level of intellectual curiosity
 - Interest in subject

THE CHALLENGE: FINDING THE RIGHT BALANCE

CLASS 1: SOME EXAMPLES AND BASIC CONCEPTS



- Course goal and overview
- Need to differentiate causation from correlation (and observational from controlled studies) illustrated by

 Assertion "fewer New Yorkers have been treated for heart attacks since the State's wide ranging no smoking law took effect..."
- Study linking marriage to longevity
 Headline: "Study finds prayer may make patients worse," illustrating

 - Need to read beyond the headlines Need to find out how study was conducted Publication in refereed journal adds credibility
- That magic bell-shaped curve
- Beware of on the average: Illustrated by President George W. Bush claim
 "On the average the folks who sign up for the (then) new prescription drug program
 are going to save \$1,300 a year"
- What is data mining? Illustrated by NBA coaches' use of software to optimize basketball strategies

CLASS 2: PUBLIC OPINION POLLS AND ELECTION FORECASTS

- Topics
 - What is a poll?
 - Why do we need polls?
 - How are polls conducted?
 - Why do polls work (sometimes)?
 - When can we trust a poll?
- Examples
 - 1936 Literary Digest poll
 - 2008 U.S. Presidential primaries
- N.Y. Times: "How the poll was conducted"
- Discussion: How to ask questions, sampling, bias in polls, margin of error

CLASS 3: MEDICAL AND HEALTH STUDIES

- Anatomy of a medical journal: Critical examination of eight articles in 28 February 2008 New England Journal of Medicine
- The drug approval process in the U.S. (and future improvements)
- Sources of distortion, e.g.,
 - Inappropriate extrapolations
 - Errors of omission
 - Confounding factors
 - Test duration and sample size limitations

CLASS 4: BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

- Some examples
 - Identifying yield differences between two plants and their causes
 - Improving quality of TV program closed captions
 - Assessing impact of warning letters on fraudulent copyright infringement activities
 - Understanding failure to avert NASA Challenger space shuttle disaster (o-ring failures)
- · Recommendations
 - Find out how numbers are defined
 - Graphical displays are highly useful-but can also mislead
 - Be wary of advocates with numbers
 - Find out how numbers were obtained

CLASS 5: FURTHER EXAMPLES AND WRAP-UP TOPICS

- · College rankings: Quantifying the subjective
- Testing in schools
- · More on data mining
 - Wal-Mart's massive data warehouse and its use
 - Assessing pollution in Lake Champlain watershed
- Databases and personal privacy
- Diagnosis of claimed "one in a million" chance event
- Various sports applications
- Good and bad graphics
- · Some (more) misapplications
- More numbers studies that further knowledge
- · Some good reading and surfing
- Eight major course take-aways

MAJOR COURSE TAKE-AWAYS



- Numbers are an essential and highly valuable element of numerous human endeavors—you can't escape them
- 2. Always ask
 - Who is taking/reporting the numbers?
 - How were they obtained?
 - Have they been peer-reviewed?
- What are the underlying assumptions?3. Be wary of
 - Advocates' numbers
 - Cherry picking
 - Before and after comparisons
- 4. Remember news media seek newsy/surprising numbers
- 5. Appreciate limitations of observational studies and differentiate correlation from cause and effect
- 6. Gold standard is controlled (randomized) experimentation—but often not attainable
- 7. Recognize uncertainty: Nothing is certain but death and taxes (Ben Franklin)
- Let number help you gain understanding—not intimidate you!

 CLASS MOTTO:Numbers are useful,but can be readily abused—handle with care!

SOME OBSERVATIONS



- Class survey results highly favorable
- · No major suggestions for improvement
- · Succeeded in limiting technical discussion
- Extensive class discussion--but no new problems
- · Gang of five approach worked well
- · Undertaking was fun
- How can we
 - Reach beyond seniors?
 - Reach those that don't sign on?

IN CONCLUSION



- Improving statistical literacy is a key professional concern
- Major emphasis to date has been on youth education
- We need help provide statistical literacy to ALL
- Mini-course approach appealing to adult audiences
- Course was directed at higher end of age spectrum—but has wider applicability

OUR HOPE: COURSE WILL BE STARTING POINT FOR OTHERS

ACCESSING OUR COURSE MATERIALS



- Most of our course materials and commentaries are accessible via Milo Shield's site Statlit.org:
 - February 2009 Amstat News article on Numbers in Everyday Life
 Expanded version of preceding article
 Powerpoint slides on 4 of the 5 lectures (and detailed summary of 5th)
 Class summary and reading list
- How to do it
- How to do it

 Access satalit.org

 Go to Statlit News

 Go to Statlit 2009

 Go to Numbers in Everyday Life

 Hit links shown about third of the way down (most on right hand side)
- For copies of slides of this talk: gerryhahn@yahoo.com

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